11+ Practice Test Answers 11+ Maths Test 9

Question	Answer	Explanation	Marks
1	Regular pentagon	To make a regular pentagon, all sides must be of equal length. However, Amir only has pieces of wood with lengths 12 cm and 15 cm.	
		He can make an isosceles triangle using two 12 cm pieces and one 15 cm piece (12 + 12 > 15).	
		A rectangle can be made using two 12 cm pieces and two 15 cm pieces.	1
		A rhombus can be made using four 12 cm pieces.	
		Therefore, the only shape that is impossible for Amir to make with the given pieces of wood is a regular pentagon.	
2	640	To find the number of cupcakes of each flavour, we simply need to divide the total number of cupcakes made by the number of different flavours (3 200 ÷ 5 = 640)	1
		Hence, the bakery made 640 cupcakes of each flavour.	
	£1.40	To calculate the mean price, we need to add up all the prices and divide by the number of prices.	
		\pounds 1.25 + \pounds 1.50 + \pounds 1.35 + \pounds 1.60 + \pounds 1.30 = \pounds 7.00	
3		There are 5 prices in total.	1
		$£7.00 \div 5 = £1.40$	
		Therefore, the mean price of a loaf of bread is \pounds 1.40.	
4	25	To find out how many complete bracelets Amelia can make, we need to divide the total number of beads she has by the number of beads required for each bracelet.	
		Amelia has 300 beads in total.	1
		Each bracelet requires 12 beads.	
		300 ÷ 12 = 25	
		Therefore, Amelia can make 25 complete bracelets with the beads she has.	
		number of prices. £1.25 + £1.50 + £1.35 + £1.60 + £1.30 = £7.00 There are 5 prices in total. £7.00 ÷ 5 = £1.40 Therefore, the mean price of a loaf of bread is £1.40. To find out how many complete bracelets Amelia can make, we need to divide the total number of beads she has by the number of beads required for each bracelet. Amelia has 300 beads in total. Each bracelet requires 12 beads. $300 \div 12 = 25$	

5	52	To find the number of chocolate chips needed, we need to substitute the value of <i>e</i> into the given formula.	
		Given:	
		c = 4(2e + 3)	
		<i>e</i> = 5	
		Step 1: Substitute <i>e</i> = 5 into the formula.	
		$c = 4(2 \times 5 + 3)$	
		Step 2: Simplify the expression inside the parentheses.	1
		<i>c</i> = 4(10 + 3)	
		<i>c</i> = 4(13)	
		Step 3: Multiply the values.	
		<i>c</i> = 52	
		Therefore, the baker will need 52 chocolate chips to make the batch of cookies.	
	4.5 km	To convert metres to kilometres, we need to divide the number of metres by 1 000.	
6		4 500 metres = 4 500 ÷ 1 000 kilometres	1
6		4 500 ÷ 1000 = 4.5 kilometres	1
		Therefore, 4 500 metres is equal to 4.5 kilometres.	
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	4 188.79 cm³	To find the total volume of the sculpture, we need to calculate the volume of one sphere and then multiply it by the number of spheres.	
		The formula for the volume of a sphere is: V = (4/3) $\times \pi \times r^3$	
		Given:	
		- The radius (r) of each sphere is 5 cm	
		- There are 8 spheres in total	
		Step 1: Calculate the volume of one sphere	
7		$V = (4/3) \times \pi \times 5^3$	1
		V ≈ (4/3) × 3.14 159 × 125	
		V ≈ 523.60 cm³	
		Step 2: Calculate the total volume of the sculpture	
		Total volume = Volume of one sphere × Number of spheres	
		Total volume = 523.60 cm³ × 8	
		Total volume = 4 188.79 cm ³ (rounded to 2 decimal places)	
		Therefore, the total volume of Sarah's sculpture is approximately 4 188.79 cm ³ .	

8	4	To find the number of students left without a group, we need to find the remainder when 1734 is divided by 6. 1734 ÷ 6 = 289 remainder 4 This means that there will be 289 groups of 6 students, and 4 students will be left without a group. Therefore, the correct answer is 4.	1
9	607 cm	To find out how much wood Amir has left, we need to subtract the length of the piece he cut off from the original length of the wood. Original length of wood: 850 cm Length of piece cut off: 243 cm 850 cm - 243 cm = 607 cm Therefore, Amir has 607 cm of wood left after cutting off a piece for the shelf.	1
10	2 014.824	To find the total weight of bread sold in a week, we need to multiply the number of loaves sold by the weight of each loaf. Number of loaves sold: 5,012 Weight of each loaf: 0.402 kg 5,012 × 0.402 = 2,014.824 kg To calculate this, we can use the same method as in the original question: 5,012 × 0.402 = (5,012 × 402) ÷ 1,000 = 2,014,824 ÷ 1,000 = 2,014.824 kg Therefore, the total weight of bread sold in a week is 2,014.824 kg.	1