

# 11+ Practice Test Answers

## 11+ Maths Test 33

Question	Answer	Explanation	Marks
1	60 points	<p>Riverside FC played a total of 30 matches.</p> <p>They won 18 matches, and each win is worth 3 points. So, for the wins, they earned:</p> $18 \times 3 = 54 \text{ points}$ <p>They drew 6 matches, and each draw is worth 1 point. So, for the draws, they earned:</p> $6 \times 1 = 6 \text{ points}$ <p>To calculate the total points, we add the points from wins and draws:</p> $54 + 6 = 60 \text{ points}$ <p>Therefore, Riverside FC earned a total of 60 points.</p>	1
2	£18.55	<p>To find the total amount of money raised, we need to add the amounts raised by Liam and Sophie.</p> <p>Liam raised £12.75 and Sophie raised £5.80.</p> $12.75 + 5.80 = 18.55$ <p>When adding decimal numbers, it's important to line up the decimal points before performing the addition.</p> <p>Therefore, the total amount of money raised by Liam and Sophie is £18.55.</p>	1
3	12 <sup>th</sup> August	<p>The original date for the school summer fair was 12<sup>th</sup> July.</p> <p>The fair was postponed by 4 weeks and 3 days:</p> <p>4 weeks after 12<sup>th</sup> July is 9<sup>th</sup> August (12<sup>th</sup> July + 28 days = 9<sup>th</sup> August).</p> <p>3 days after 9<sup>th</sup> August is the 12<sup>th</sup> August.</p> <p>Therefore, the rescheduled summer fair will take place on 12<sup>th</sup> August.</p>	1
4	240,000 millilitres	<p>Olivia's car has a fuel tank capacity of 60 litres, and she filled it up 4 times last week.</p> <p>To find the total amount of fuel in millilitres, we first need to convert litres to millilitres:</p> $1 \text{ litre} = 1,000 \text{ millilitres}$ $60 \text{ litres} = 60 \times 1,000 = 60,000 \text{ millilitres}$ <p>So, each time Olivia filled up her car, she put in 60,000 millilitres of fuel.</p> <p>Since she filled up her car 4 times, we multiply the amount of fuel per fill-up by 4:</p> $60,000 \text{ millilitres} \times 4 = 240,000 \text{ millilitres}$ <p>Therefore, Olivia put a total of 240,000 millilitres of fuel in her car last week.</p>	1

5	4.35 kg	<p>First, we need to convert the units so they are the same. The bag of rice is in kilograms (kg), and the amount used for dinner is in grams (g).</p> <p><math>1 \text{ kg} = 1000 \text{ g}</math></p> <p><math>5 \text{ kg} = 5 \times 1000 \text{ g} = 5000 \text{ g}</math></p> <p>Now we can subtract the amount used for dinner from the total amount in the bag:</p> <p><math>5000 \text{ g} - 650 \text{ g} = 4350 \text{ g}</math></p> <p>Finally, we convert the answer back to kilograms:</p> <p><math>4350 \text{ g} = 4.35 \text{ kg}</math></p> <p>Therefore, the amount of rice left in the bag is 4.35 kg.</p>	1
6	58 200 mm	<p>To convert kilometres to millimetres, we need to multiply the number of kilometres by 1,000,000 (as there are 1,000,000 millimetres in a kilometre).</p> <p><math>0.582 \text{ km} = 0.582 \times 1,000,000 \text{ mm}</math></p> <p><math>0.582 \text{ km} = 582,000 \text{ mm}</math></p> <p>Therefore, 0.582 kilometres is equivalent to 582,000 millimetres.</p>	1
7	$12 + 2.50r$	<p>To find the total cost for a person who goes on <math>r</math> rides, we need to consider two parts: the admission fee and the cost of the rides.</p> <p>The admission fee is a fixed cost of £12, which everyone must pay regardless of the number of rides they go on.</p> <p>The cost of the rides depends on the number of rides the person goes on. Each ride costs £2.50, so for <math>r</math> rides, the total cost of rides would be <math>2.50 \times r</math>, or <math>2.50r</math>.</p> <p>To get the total cost, we add the admission fee and the cost of the rides: <math>12 + 2.50r</math>.</p> <p>Therefore, the correct expression for the total cost, in pounds, for a person who goes on <math>r</math> rides is <math>12 + 2.50r</math>.</p>	1
8	$85^\circ$	<p>In a triangle, the sum of all three angles is always <math>180^\circ</math>.</p> <p>We know that angle A is <math>40^\circ</math> and angle B is <math>55^\circ</math>.</p> <p>To find angle C, we can subtract the sum of angles A and B from <math>180^\circ</math>:</p> <p>Angle C = <math>180^\circ - (40^\circ + 55^\circ)</math></p> <p>Angle C = <math>180^\circ - 95^\circ</math></p> <p>Angle C = <math>85^\circ</math></p> <p>Therefore, the size of angle C is <math>85^\circ</math>.</p>	1

9	10 minutes	<p>Amelia's practice pattern takes <math>20 + 40 + 20 = 80</math> seconds.</p> <p>In 20 minutes, there are <math>20 \times 60 = 1200</math> seconds.</p> <p><math>1200 \div 80 = 15</math>, so Amelia completes the pattern 15 times in 20 minutes.</p> <p>Each time she plays the pattern, she spends 40 seconds playing a piece of music.</p> <p>Therefore, the total time she spends playing pieces of music is <math>15 \times 40 = 600</math> seconds.</p> <p>600 seconds is equal to 10 minutes.</p>	1
10	23	<p>To find the value of <math>p</math>, we need to rearrange the equation and solve for <math>p</math>.</p> <p>Given: <math>s = (5 + p) \div 2</math> and <math>s = 14</math></p> <p>Step 1: Multiply both sides of the equation by 2 to isolate the term containing <math>p</math>.</p> $2 \times s = 2 \times ((5 + p) \div 2)$ $2 \times 14 = 5 + p$ $28 = 5 + p$ <p>Step 2: Subtract 5 from both sides to solve for <math>p</math>.</p> $28 - 5 = 5 - 5 + p$ $23 = p$ <p>Therefore, when Samantha's score (<math>s</math>) is 14, the value of <math>p</math> is 23.</p>	1